GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:60
ANSWERED ON:30.11.2015
National Manufacturing Policy
Udasi Shri Shivkumar Chanabasappa

Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Manufacturing Policy identifies textiles and garments, leather and footwear, gems and jewellery and food processing industries as labour intensive;

(b) if so, the details and number of labourers involved in these sectors;

(c) whether the Government has evolved any programme for these labour forces to improve their skill so that "Make in India" scheme is fully achieved; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

Answer

???????? ??? ?????? ???????????? (????????? ??????)(??????? ??????? ???????)
THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE)
OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(SHRIMATI NIRMALA SITHARAMAN)

(a): Yes, Madam. The National Manufacturing Policy (NMP) notified by the government on 4th November, 2011 identifies employment intensive industries like textiles and garments; leather and footwear; gems and jewellery, food processing.

(b): It is estimated that approximately 4,50,00,000 people are employed directly in the textile sector; 25,00,000 people in leather sector; 34,00,000 people in gems & jewellery sector; and 65,00,000 in food processing industries.

(c) & (d): Under the Indian Leather Development Programme, existing employees in shop-floor operations in the Indian Leather sector, in both organized and unorganized sector, are provided skill upgradation training irrespective of their educational background. In the Food Processing Industries sector two institutes namely National Institute of Food Technology, Entrepreneurship and Management and Indian Institute of Crop Processing Technology under Ministry of Food Processing Industries are conducting short-term training in various areas of food processing for industry personnel, entrepreneurs, self-help groups, youth etc. In the Textiles sector, to address the trained manpower needs of textiles and related segments including Handicrafts, Handlooms, Sericulture, Jute, Technical Textiles etc, by developing a cohesive and integrated framework of training based on the industry needs, Ministry of Textiles launched the Integrated Skill Development Scheme for the Textiles and Apparel Sector including Jute and Handicrafts Scheme in 2013.

The Government has recently launched the scheme of Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) to provide outcome based skill training in various sectors.

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